

The `thepdfnumber` package

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Abstract

The package converts real numbers to a minimal representation that is stripped from leading or trailing zeros, plus signs and decimal point if not necessary.

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*Please report any issues at <https://github.com/ho-tex/oberdiek/issues>

1 Documentation

1.1 Introduction

Dealing with the PDF format, there is sometimes the need to write some low level PDF stuff. In case of numbers, the numbers can arise from user input (e.g. color or transparency specifications) or can be calculated. For example, L^AT_EX's `\strip@pt` makes a good job to output a real number. It automatically suppresses the decimal part if the number is an integer. However it leaves a leading zero for numbers greater zero and smaller one. Thus the package provides macros that can be used with different formats, even with iniT_EX and generates numbers that are valid numbers of the PDF format and whose length is minimal.

1.2 Usage

The package `thepdfnumber` can be used with L^AT_EX, plain T_EX or even with iniT_EX:

```
\RequirePackage{thepdfnumber} % LATEX
\input thepdfnumber.sty % plain TEX/iniTEX
```

The package does not need and have package options.

1.3 User macros

All user macros are expandable in exact two expansion steps.

<code>\thepdfnumber {<number>}</code>

Macro `\thepdfnumber` takes a number as argument and expands to a minimal representation of that number. Some examples:

1.: +123	→ 123
2.: --123	→ 123
3.: -01	→ -1
4.: 0045	→ 45
5.: 1.0	→ 1
6.: 1.20	→ 1.2
7.: 0.0	→ 0
8.: 0.78	→ .78
9.: +012.340	→ 12.34

It reduces the length of the number representation:

- The signs are collapsed and only one minus sign is output if the number is negative (see examples 1, 2, 3, 9).
- Leading zeros are removed (4, 8, 9) unless the number is zero (7).
- The decimal part is omitted, if the number is an integer (5, 7).
- Trailing zeros from the decimal part are stripped (5, 6, 7, 9).

The resulting number representation can be caughted with one of the following Perl regular expressions:

- $\sim 0\$$ (zero)
- $\sim -?[1-9][0-9]*\$$ (integer)
- $\sim -?[0-9]*\.[0-9]*[1-9]\$$ (real)

This is a valid numeric object of the PDF specification [1, “7.3.3 Numeric Objects”].

```
\thepdfnumberNormZeroOne
```

There are various places in the PDF specification where the number is in the domain 0.0 upto 1.0. Macro `thepdfnumberNormZeroOne` automatically adjusts the number to fit into that range. Negative numbers are mapped to 0 and numbers greater than one are replaced by 1. Thus the result fits one of the following regular expressions:

- $\sim 0\$$
- $\sim \.[0-9]*[1-9]\$$
- $\sim 1\$$

Examples:

-456	→ 0
-0.001	→ 0
0.0	→ 0
0.010	→ .01
0.456	→ .456
1.0	→ 1
01.001	→ 1
4	→ 1

1.4 Input number

The user macros expect a number as argument. The number can either be given explicitely or as macro that expands in one step to an explicit number, because the first token of the argument is expanded once.

The explicit number consists of

- optional signs ‘+’ and ‘-’,
- digits ‘0’ upto ‘9’ and
- an optional dot ‘.’.

All tokens must have catcode 12 (other), the default catcodes for these characters in L^AT_EX, plain T_EX or iniT_EX. As Perl regular expression the number is expected in one of the following forms:

- $\sim [+-]*[0-9]+\$$
- $\sim [+-]*[0-9]*\.[0-9]*\$$

At least one digit or the dot must be present.

1.5 Error handling

The package is not intended for validating numbers or to decide if an argument is a number. Therefore it is an usage error to use the user macros with arguments that are not explicite numbers as specified in the previous sections. Nevertheless some error conditions are sometimes recognized. Errors are given in form of an undefined command sequence. It is the only way to notify TeX in expandable context. Expanding to some error text would invalidate the output. Currently the following errors are thrown:

\thepdfnumber@ErrorEndMarker: Internally the argument parsing uses an end marker that is never called directly. If it is called with valid user input, then this is a bug. Otherwise it means the user input contains nasty stuff.

\thepdfnumber@ErrorUnexpectedEnd: The macros expect at least one digit or the dot, otherwise if the argument is empty or only contains signs, then this error is called.

\thepdfnumber@ErrorInvalidToken: It is called if the number contains other tokens than signs, digits or the dot or the token at the wrong place (e.g. a sign after a digit). In case of \thepdfnumberNormZeroOne this error condition might not always be detected, because the number parsing might stop at an early point, when the result is already clear (e.g. if the number is negative or will be greater than one).

Improper alphabetic constant: This error might be thrown by TeX, if the number contains command tokens instead of characters.

2 Implementation

1 (*package)

2.1 Reload check and package identification

Reload check, especially if the package is not used with L^AT_EX.

```
2 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
3 \catcode13=5 % ^^M
4 \endlinechar=13 %
5 \catcode35=6 % #
6 \catcode39=12 % ,
7 \catcode44=12 % ,
8 \catcode45=12 % -
9 \catcode46=12 % .
10 \catcode58=12 % :
11 \catcode64=11 % @
12 \catcode123=1 % {
13 \catcode125=2 % }
14 \expandafter\let\expandafter\x\csname ver@thepdfnumber.sty\endcsname
15 \ifx\x\relax % plain-Tex, first loading
16 \else
17   \def\empty{}%
18   \ifx\x\empty % LaTeX, first loading,
19     % variable is initialized, but \ProvidesPackage not yet seen
20   \else
21     \expandafter\ifx\csname PackageInfo\endcsname\relax
22       \def\x#1#2{%
23         \immediate\write-1{Package #1 Info: #2.}%
24       }
```

```

24      }%
25      \else
26          \def\x#1#2{\PackageInfo{#1}{#2, stopped} }%
27      \fi
28      \x{thepdfnumber}{The package is already loaded}%
29      \aftergroup\endinput
30  \fi
31 \fi
32 \endgroup%

```

Package identification:

```

33 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
34 \catcode13=5 % ^~M
35 \endlinechar=13 %
36 \catcode35=6 % #
37 \catcode39=12 % ,
38 \catcode40=12 % (
39 \catcode41=12 % )
40 \catcode44=12 % ,
41 \catcode45=12 % -
42 \catcode46=12 % .
43 \catcode47=12 % /
44 \catcode58=12 % :
45 \catcode64=11 % @
46 \catcode91=12 % [
47 \catcode93=12 % ]
48 \catcode123=1 % {
49 \catcode125=2 % }
50 \expandafter\ifx\csname ProvidesPackage\endcsname\relax
51     \def\x#1#2#3[#4]{\endgroup
52         \immediate\write-1{Package: #3 #4}%
53         \xdef#1{#4}%
54     }%
55 \else
56     \def\x#1#2[#3]{\endgroup
57         #2[{#3}]%
58         \ifx#1@undefined
59             \xdef#1{#3}%
60         \fi
61         \ifx#1\relax
62             \xdef#1{#3}%
63         \fi
64     }%
65 \fi
66 \expandafter\x\csname ver@thepdfnumber.sty\endcsname
67 \ProvidesPackage{thepdfnumber}%
68 [2016/05/16 v1.1 Print PDF numbers with minimal digits (HO)]%

```

2.2 Catcodes

```

69 \begingroup\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
70 \catcode13=5 % ^~M
71 \endlinechar=13 %
72 \catcode123=1 % {
73 \catcode125=2 % }
74 \catcode64=11 % @
75 \def\x{\endgroup
76 \expandafter\edef\csname ThPdNu@AtEnd\endcsname{%
77     \endlinechar=\the\endlinechar\relax

```

```

78      \catcode13=\the\catcode13\relax
79      \catcode32=\the\catcode32\relax
80      \catcode35=\the\catcode35\relax
81      \catcode61=\the\catcode61\relax
82      \catcode64=\the\catcode64\relax
83      \catcode123=\the\catcode123\relax
84      \catcode125=\the\catcode125\relax
85      }%
86  }%
87 \x\catcode61\catcode48\catcode32=10\relax%
88 \catcode13=5 % ^~M
89 \endlinechar=13 %
90 \catcode35=6 % #
91 \catcode64=11 % @
92 \catcode123=1 % {
93 \catcode125=2 % }
94 \def\TMP@EnsureCode#1#2{%
95   \edef\ThPdNu@AtEnd{%
96     \ThPdNu@AtEnd
97     \catcode#1=\the\catcode#1\relax
98   }%
99   \catcode#1=#2\relax
100 }%
101 \TMP@EnsureCode{33}{12}%
102 \TMP@EnsureCode{36}{3}%
103 \TMP@EnsureCode{38}{4}%
104 \TMP@EnsureCode{42}{12}%
105 \TMP@EnsureCode{43}{12}%
106 \TMP@EnsureCode{45}{12}%
107 \TMP@EnsureCode{46}{12}%
108 \TMP@EnsureCode{60}{12}%
109 \TMP@EnsureCode{62}{12}%
110 \TMP@EnsureCode{96}{12}%
111 \edef\ThPdNu@AtEnd{\ThPdNu@AtEnd\noexpand\endinput}

```

2.3 Helper macros

```

\ThPdNu@FIN
112 \def\ThPdNu@FIN{\thepdfnumber@ErrorEndMarker}

\ThPdNu@space
113 \def\ThPdNu@space{ }

\ThPdNu@zero
114 \chardef\ThPdNu@zero=0 %

\ThPdNu@one
115 \chardef\ThPdNu@one=1 %

\ThPdNu@firstoftwo
116 \long\def\ThPdNu@firstoftwo#1#2{#1}

\ThPdNu@secondoftwo
117 \long\def\ThPdNu@secondoftwo#1#2{#2}

```

2.4 Detect ε -TeX

```
118 \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
119 \expandafter\ifx\csname detokenize\endcsname\relax
120   \catcode`\&=14 %
121   \catcode`\$=9 %
122 \else
123   \catcode`\&=9 %
124   \catcode`\$=14 %
125 \fi
```

2.5 User macro \thepdfnumber

```
\thepdfnumber
126 \def\thepdfnumber#1{%
127   \romannumeral
128 & \iftrue\expandafter\ThPdNu@State@Plus\expandafter\fi
129 & \detokenize\expandafter{#1}%
130 & \ThPdNu@FIN
131 $ \ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#1\ThPdNu@FIN
132 $   \expandafter\ThPdNu@firstoftwo
133 $ \else
134 $   \expandafter\ThPdNu@secondoftwo
135 $ \fi
136 $ {%
137 $   \ThPdNu@zero
138 $   0\thepdfnumber@ErrorUnexpectedEnd
139 $ }{%
140 $   \iftrue\expandafter\ThPdNu@State@Plus\expandafter\fi#1\ThPdNu@FIN
141 $ }%
142 }
```

2.5.1 State definitions for sign

```
\ThPdNu@State@Plus
143 \def\ThPdNu@State@Plus#1\fi#2{%
144   \fi
145   \ifcase\ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#2%
146     0%
147 &   \else\ifx-#2%
148 $     \else\ifnum`#2=45 %
149       1%
150       \else\ifx0#2%
151         2%
152         \else\ifnum`#2>48 %
153           \ifnum`#2<58 %
154             3%
155             \else
156               9%
157               \fi
158 &             \else\ifx.#2%
159 $               \else\ifnum`#2=46 %
160                 4%
161 &                 \else\ifx+#2%
162 $                 \else\ifnum`#2=43 %
163                   5%
164                   \else
165                     9%
166                     \fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\ThPdNu@space
```

```

167      \expandafter\ThPdNu@zero
168      \expandafter0%
169      \expandafter\thepdfnumber@ErrorUnexpectedEnd
170      \or
171      \ThPdNu@State@Minus
172      \or
173      \ThPdNu@State@SkipZeros!%
174      \or
175      \ThPdNu@State@Int#!#2!%
176      \or
177      \ThPdNu@State@Dot!\ThPdNu@zero*\ThPdNu@zero!!%
178      \or
179      \ThPdNu@State@Plus
180      \else
181      \ThPdNu@ReturnError{0}%
182      \fi
183 }

\ThPdNu@State@Minus

184 \def\ThPdNu@State@Minus#1\fi#2{%
185   \fi
186   \ifcase\ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#2%
187     0%
188   \else\ifx0#2%
189     1%
190   \else\ifnum`#2>48 %
191     \ifnum`#2<58 %
192     2%
193   \else
194     9%
195   \fi
196 &
197 $   \else\ifx.#2%
198     3%
199 &
200 $   \else\ifnum`#2=46 % .
201     4%
202 &
203 $   \else\ifx-#2%
204     \else\ifx+#2%
205     \else\ifnum`#2=45 % -
206     5%
207   \else\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\ThPdNu@space
208   \expandafter\ThPdNu@zero
209   \expandafter0%
210   \expandafter\thepdfnumber@ErrorUnexpectedEnd
211   \or
212   \ThPdNu@State@SkipZeros-!%
213   \or
214   \ThPdNu@State@Int-#!#2!%
215   \or
216   \ThPdNu@State@Dot-!\ThPdNu@zero*\ThPdNu@zero!!%
217   \or
218   \ThPdNu@State@Plus
219   \or
220   \ThPdNu@State@Minus
221   \else
222   \ThPdNu@ReturnError{0}%

```

```

223   \fi
224 }

\ThPdNu@ReturnError
225 \def\ThPdNu@ReturnError#1#2\fi#3\ThPdNu@FIN{%
226   \fi
227   \ThPdNu@zero
228   #1%
229   \thepdfnumber@ErrorInvalidToken
230 }

```

2.5.2 State definitions for integer part

```

\ThPdNu@State@SkipZeros
231 \def\ThPdNu@State@SkipZeros#1!#2\fi#3{%
232   \fi
233   \ifcase\ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#3%
234     0%
235   \else\ifx0#3%
236     1%
237   \else\ifnum`#3>48 %
238     \ifnum`#3<58 %
239     2%
240   \else
241     9%
242   \fi
243 &   \else\ifx.#3%
244 $   \else\ifnum`#3=46 % .
245     3%
246   \else
247     9%
248   \fi\fi\fi\fi\ThPdNu@space
249   \expandafter\ThPdNu@zero
250   \expandafter0%
251   \or
252   \ThPdNu@State@SkipZeros#1!%
253   \or
254   \ThPdNu@State@Int#1!#3!%
255   \or
256   \ThPdNu@State@Dot#1!\ThPdNu@zero*\ThPdNu@zero!!%
257   \else
258   \ThPdNu@ReturnError{0}%
259   \fi
260 }

\ThPdNu@State@Int
261 \def\ThPdNu@State@Int#1!#2!#3\fi#4{%
262   \fi
263   \ifcase\ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#4%
264     0%
265   \else\ifnum`#4>47 %
266     \ifnum`#4<58 %
267     1%
268   \else
269     9%
270   \fi
271 &   \else\ifx.#4%
272 $   \else\ifnum`#4=46 % .

```

```

273      2%
274      \else
275      9%
276      \fi\fi\fi\ThPdNu@space
277      \ThPdNu@ReturnInt{#1#2}%
278      \or
279      \ThPdNu@State@Int#1!#2#4!%
280      \or
281      \ThPdNu@State@Dot#1!\ThPdNu@one#2*\ThPdNu@zero!!%
282      \else
283      \ThPdNu@ReturnError{#1#2}%
284      \fi
285 }

\ThPdNu@ReturnInt

286 \def\ThPdNu@ReturnInt#1#2\fi{%
287   \fi
288   \ThPdNu@zero
289   #1%
290 }

```

2.5.3 State definitions for decimal digits

```

\ThPdNu@State@Dot

291 \def\ThPdNu@State@Dot#1*#2#3!#4!#5\fi#6{%
292   \fi
293   \ifcase\ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#6%
294   0%
295   \else\ifnum`#6>48 %
296   \ifnum`#6<58 %
297   1%
298   \else
299   9%
300   \fi
301   \else\ifx0#6%
302   2%
303   \else
304   9%
305   \fi\fi\fi\ThPdNu@space
306   \ThPdNu@ReturnNumber#1*#2#3!%
307   \or
308   \ThPdNu@State@Dot#1*\ThPdNu@one#3#4#6!!%
309   \or
310   \ThPdNu@State@DotZero#1*#2#3!#4#6!%
311   \else
312   \ThPdNu@ReturnNumberInvalid#1*#2#3!%
313   \fi
314 }

\ThPdNu@State@DotZero

```

```

315 \def\ThPdNu@State@DotZero#1*#2#3!#4!#5\fi#6{%
316   \fi
317   \ifcase\ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#6%
318   0%
319   \else\ifnum`#6>48 %
320   \ifnum`#6<58 %
321   1%
322   \else

```

```

323          9%
324          \fi
325          \else\ifx0#6%
326          2%
327          \else
328          9%
329          \fi\fi\fi\ThPdNu@space
330          \ThPdNu@ReturnNumber#1*#2#3!%
331          \or
332          \ThPdNu@State@Dot#1*\ThPdNu@one#3#4#6!!%
333          \or
334          \ThPdNu@State@DotZero#1*#2#3!#4#6!%
335          \else
336          \ThPdNu@ReturnNumber#1*#2#3!%
337          \fi
338 }

\ThPdNu@ReturnNumber
339 \def\ThPdNu@ReturnNumber#1!#2#3*#4#5!#6\fi{%
340   \fi
341   \ifcase#2%
342     \expandafter\ThPdNu@firstoftwo
343   \else
344     \expandafter\ThPdNu@secondoftwo
345   \fi
346   {%
347     \ifcase#4%
348       \expandafter\ThPdNu@firstoftwo
349     \else
350       \expandafter\ThPdNu@secondoftwo
351     \fi
352     {\ThPdNu@zero 0}%
353     {\ThPdNu@zero #1.#5}%
354   }%
355   \ifcase#4%
356     \expandafter\ThPdNu@firstoftwo
357   \else
358     \expandafter\ThPdNu@secondoftwo
359   \fi
360   {\ThPdNu@zero #1#3}%
361   {\ThPdNu@zero #1#3.#5}%
362 }
363 }

\ThPdNu@ReturnNumberInvalid
364 \def\ThPdNu@ReturnNumberInvalid#1*#2!#3\fi#4\ThPdNu@FIN{%
365   \fi
366   \iftrue\ThPdNu@ReturnNumber#1*#2!\fi
367   \thepdfnumber@ErrorInvalidToken
368 }

```

2.6 Norm macro

```

\thepdfnumberNormZeroOne
369 \def\thepdfnumberNormZeroOne#1{%
370   \romannumeral
371 & \iftrue\expandafter\ThPbNu@StateN@Plus\expandafter\fi
372 & \detokenize\expandafter{#1}%

```

```

373 & \ThPdNu@FIN
374 $ \ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#1\ThPdNu@FIN
375 $   \expandafter\ThPdNu@firstoftwo
376 $ \else
377 $   \expandafter\ThPdNu@secondoftwo
378 $ \fi
379 $ {%
380 $   \ThPdNu@zero
381 $   0\thepdfnumber@ErrorUnexpectedEnd
382 $ }{%
383 $   \iftrue\expandafter\ThPbNu@StateN@Plus\expandafter\fi#1\ThPdNu@FIN
384 $ }%
385 }

```

2.6.1 State definitions for sign

```

\ThPbNu@StateN@Plus
386 \def\ThPbNu@StateN@Plus#1\fi#2{%
387   \fi
388   \ifcase\ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#2%
389     0%
390   & \else\ifx-\#2%
391   $   \else\ifnum`#2=45 %
392     -1%
393   \else\ifx0#2%
394     2%
395   \else\ifnum`#2>48 %
396     \ifnum`#2<58 %
397       3%
398     \else
399       9%
400   \fi
401   & \else\ifx.#2%
402   $   \else\ifnum`#2=46 %
403     .
404   & \else\ifx+#2%
405   $   \else\ifnum`#2=43 %
406     +
407   \else
408     %
409   \fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\ThPdNu@space
410   \expandafter\ThPdNu@zero
411   \expandafter0%
412   \expandafter\thepdfnumber@ErrorUnexpectedEnd
413   \or
414   \ThPbNu@StateN@Minus
415   \or
416   \ThPbNu@StateN@SkipZeros
417   \or
418   \ThPdNu@ReturnAndSkip{1}%
419   \or
420   \ThPbNu@StateN@Dot\ThPdNu@zero! !%
421   \or
422   \ThPbNu@StateN@Plus
423 \else
424   \ThPdNu@ReturnError{0}%
425 \fi
426 }

```

```

\ThPbNu@StateN@Minus

427 \def\ThPbNu@StateN@Minus#1\fi#2{%
428   \fi
429   \ifcase\ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#2%
430     0%
431     \else\ifnum`#2>47 %
432       \ifnum`#2<58 %
433         1%
434       \else
435         9%
436       \fi
437 &     \else\ifx.#2%
438 $     \else\ifnum`#2=46 %
439       1%
440 &     \else\ifx-#2%
441 $     \else\ifnum`#2=45 %
442       2%
443 &     \else\ifx+#2%
444 $     \else\ifnum`#2=43 %
445       3%
446     \else
447       9%
448     \fi\fi\fi\fi\ThPdNu@space
449   \expandafter\ThPdNu@zero
450   \expandafter0%
451   \expandafter\thepdfnumber@ErrorUnexpectedEnd
452 \or
453   \ThPdNu@ReturnAndSkip{0}%
454 \or
455   \ThPbNu@StateN@Plus
456 \or
457   \ThPbNu@StateN@Minus
458 \else
459   \ThPdNu@ReturnError{0}%
460 \fi
461 }

```

```

\ThPdNu@ReturnAndSkip

462 \def\ThPdNu@ReturnAndSkip#1\#2\fi#3\ThPdNu@FIN{%
463   \fi
464   \ThPdNu@zero
465   #1%
466 }

```

2.6.2 State definitions for integer part

```

\ThPbNu@StateN@SkipZeros

467 \def\ThPbNu@StateN@SkipZeros#1\fi#2{%
468   \fi
469   \ifcase\ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#2%
470     0%
471     \else\ifx0#2%
472       1%
473     \else\ifnum`#2>48 %
474       \ifnum`#2<58 %
475         2%
476       \else
477         9%

```

```

478          \fi
479 &      \else\ifx.#2%
480 $      \else\ifnum`#2=46 %
481          3%
482          \else
483          9%
484          \fi\fi\fi\ThPdNu@space
485      \expandafter\ThPdNu@zero
486      \expandafter0%
487  \or
488  \ThPbNu@StateN@SkipZeros%
489  \or
490  \ThPdNu@ReturnAndSkip{1}%
491  \or
492  \ThPbNu@StateN@Dot\ThPdNu@zero! !%
493 \else
494  \ThPdNu@ReturnError{0}%
495 \fi
496 }

```

2.6.3 State definitions for decimal digits

\ThPbNu@StateN@Dot

```

497 \def\ThPbNu@StateN@Dot#1#2#!#3#!#4\fi#5{%
498   \fi
499   \ifcase\ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#5%
500     0%
501     \else\ifnum`#5>48 %
502     \ifnum`#5<58 %
503       1%
504     \else
505       9%
506     \fi
507     \else\ifx0#5%
508       2%
509     \else
510       9%
511     \fi\fi\fi\ThPdNu@space
512   \ThPdNu@ReturnFracNumber#1#2!%
513 \or
514   \ThPbNu@StateN@Dot\ThPdNu@one#2#3#5! !
515 \or
516   \ThPbNu@StateN@DotZero#1#2#!#3#5! %
517 \else
518   \ThPdNu@ReturnFracNumberInvalid#1#2!%
519 \fi
520 }

```

\ThPbNu@StateN@DotZero

```

521 \def\ThPbNu@StateN@DotZero#1#2#!#3#!#4\fi#5{%
522   \fi
523   \ifcase\ifx\ThPdNu@FIN#5%
524     0%
525     \else\ifnum`#5>48 %
526     \ifnum`#5<58 %
527       1%
528     \else
529       9%

```

```

530           \fi
531           \else\ifx0#5%
532               2%
533           \else
534               9%
535           \fi\fi\fi\ThPdNu@space
536           \ThPdNu@ReturnFracNumber#1#2!%
537       \or
538           \ThPbNu@StateN@Dot\ThPdNu@one#2#3#5!!%
539       \or
540           \ThPbNu@StateN@DotZero#1#2#!#3#5!%
541   \else
542       \ThPdNu@ReturnFracNumberInvalid#1#2!%
543   \fi
544 }

\ThPdNu@ReturnFracNumber

545 \def\ThPdNu@ReturnFracNumber#1#2#!#3\fi{%
546   \fi
547   \ifcase#1%
548     \expandafter\ThPdNu@firstoftwo
549   \else
550     \expandafter\ThPdNu@secondoftwo
551   \fi
552 { \ThPdNu@zero 0}%
553 { \ThPdNu@zero .#2}%
554 }

\ThPdNu@ReturnFracNumberInvalid

555 \def\ThPdNu@ReturnFracNumberInvalid#1#!#2\fi#3\ThPdNu@FIN{%
556   \fi
557   \iftrue\ThPdNu@ReturnFracNumber#1!\fi
558   \thepdfnumber@ErrorInvalidToken
559 }

560 \ThPdNu@AtEnd%
561 </package>

```

3 Installation

3.1 Download

Package. This package is available on CTAN¹:

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/thepdfnumber.dtx The source file.

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/thepdfnumber.pdf Documentation.

Bundle. All the packages of the bundle ‘oberdiek’ are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

CTAN:install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip

TDS refers to the standard “A Directory Structure for TEX Files” (CTAN:pkg/tds). Directories with `texmf` in their name are usually organized this way.

¹CTAN:pkg/thepdfnumber

3.2 Bundle installation

Unpacking. Unpack the `oberdiek.tds.zip` in the TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

3.3 Package installation

Unpacking. The `.dtx` file is a self-extracting `docstrip` archive. The files are extracted by running the `.dtx` through plain `TEX`:

```
tex thepdfnumber.dtx
```

TDS. Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree):

```
thepdfnumber.sty → tex/generic/oberdiek/thepdfnumber.sty  
thepdfnumber.pdf → doc/latex/oberdiek/thepdfnumber.pdf  
thepdfnumber.dtx → source/latex/oberdiek/thepdfnumber.dtx
```

If you have a `docstrip.cfg` that configures and enables `docstrip`'s TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of `docstrip`.

3.4 Refresh file name databases

If your `TEX` distribution (`TEX Live`, `MiKTEX`, ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, `TEX Live` users run `texhash` or `mktexlsr`.

3.5 Some details for the interested

Unpacking with L^AT_EX. The `.dtx` chooses its action depending on the format:

plain T_EX: Run `docstrip` and extract the files.

L^AT_EX: Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using L^AT_EX for `docstrip` (really, `docstrip` does not need L^AT_EX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{thepdfnumber.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

Generating the documentation. You can use both the `.dtx` or the `.drv` to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file `ltxdoc.cfg`. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

```
\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}
```

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfL^AT_EX:

```
pdflatex thepdfnumber.dtx  
makeindex -s gind.ist thepdfnumber.idx  
pdflatex thepdfnumber.dtx  
makeindex -s gind.ist thepdfnumber.idx  
pdflatex thepdfnumber.dtx
```

4 References

- [1] Adobe Systems Incorporated. *Document management – Portable document format – Part 1: PDF 1.7*. 1st ed. 2008-07-01. URL: https://www.adobe.com/content/dam/acom/en/devnet/pdf/pdfs/PDF32000_2008.pdf (visited on 2011-11-25).

5 History

[2011/11/24 v1.0]

- First version.

[2016/05/16 v1.1]

- Documentation updates.

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