The WTRef Package (v0.4.0)

Takuto ASAKURA (wtsnjp)

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Abstract

WT Series collects macros which are useful to create LATEX documents. WTRef package is a part of this WT Series that extends cross-reference system of LATEX. It makes enable to divide namespace and scope, further arrows users to customise reference formats. LATEX 2_{ε} on any kind of TEX engine is supported. The package requires Package xparse and xkeyval.

1 System Requirements

System requirements of WTRef are shown bellow:

- T_EX engine: any engine
- TEX format: LATEX 2ε
- Document class: any class
- Required packages: xparse and xkeyval

2 Loading the WTRef Package

To use WTRef package, load wtref.sty file with \usepackage command in preamble. No package option is available.

\usepackage{wtref}

3 Cross-Reference Commands

3.1 Definition of New Cross-Reference Commands

\newref command creates a set of cross-reference commands. This command can only be used in preamble.

 $\ [\langle options \rangle] \{\langle ref types \rangle\}$

 $\langle ref types \rangle$ are comma-separated list of $\langle ref type \rangle$. All characters of $\langle ref type \rangle$ must be able to use in control sequence (only ordinary alphabet is recommended) and can not be empty. Notice that leading and trailing spaces and successive spaces arround commas are ignored.

\newref command defines two commands: $\langle ref type \rangle$ label, $\langle ref type \rangle$ ref. In this document, the formar are called **label commands** and the latter are called **reference commands**. \newref command overwrites existing commands, so $\langle ref name \rangle$ should be decided carefully.

In $\langle options \rangle$, you can set following parameters by key-value list:

- namespace= $\langle string \rangle$ Set $\langle namespace \rangle$ to " $\langle string \rangle$:". If neither namespace nor nonamespace are specified, or in case $\langle string \rangle$ of namespace is empty, $\langle namespace \rangle$ is set to " $\langle ref type \rangle$:".
- nonamespace Set $\langle namespace \rangle$ to empty. That is to say, invalidation of function that dividing namespace. It should be noted that you can specify value for nonamespace and that will not make any errors, but the value will simply be ignored.
- $scope=\langle counter \rangle$ Specify counter which used as scope. You can specify any LATEX counter to $\langle counter \rangle$ but one which has uniqueness in a document is desirable. This key sets $\langle scope \rangle$ to "\the $\langle counter \rangle$:".

These optional settings apply to all cross-referece commands relate to $\langle ref type \rangle$ in specified $\langle ref types \rangle$.

Identically, if any keys do not specified in $\langle options \rangle$, $\langle namespace \rangle$ is set to " $\langle ref type \rangle$ " and $\langle scope \rangle$ is set to empty. In other words, the function of namespace is active and function of scope is inactive as default.

3.2 Label Commands

3.2.1 Function and Usage

Label commands are used to create new labels. Usage of those are same to **\label** command of standard LATEX. Usage of **\exlabel** is shown bellow as an example:

 $\left\{ \left| abel \right\} \right\}$

3.2.2 Internal Processing

Label commands finally are expanded to following format:

 $label{amespace}(scope)(label)$

3.3 Reference Commands

Reference commands print contents of counters which labeled by label commands in specified formats. Usage of **\exref** is shown bellow as an example:

 $\left[\left\langle the \ scope \right\rangle\right] \left\{\left\langle label \ list \right\rangle\right\}$

The option argument $\langle the \ scope \rangle$ can be ommitted when referring label exists in the same scope. You can refer outside of scope by writing down the output of proper $\the \langle counter \rangle$. Notice that if the function of scope is inactive (i.e. in case scope key does not specified in $\langle options \rangle$ of \newref), this argument is always unnecessary, and in other words it will be ignored all the time. In argument $\langle label \ list \rangle$, plural labels can be written in comma-separated. Note that leading and trailing spaces and successive spaces arround commas are ignored. If actually plural labels are filled in, pertinent counters should be printed out in comma-separate form in default. You can change this format flexibly with \setrefstyle command.

4 Setting Referece Style

The output format of reference commands can be customised with \setrefstyle command. The syntax of \setrefstyle is shown bellow:

The \setrefstyle command can be used any place of LATEX document (not only preamble), and change reference format locally.

In $\langle options \rangle$, you can set following parameters by key-value list:

- refcmd=(command) Specified (command) repeated for the number of labels
 which filled in (label list) time. String #1 in (command) may be replaced
 into appropriate label name. The default value is \ref{#1}.
- sep=(command) Specified (command) is output as a separater of each refcmd
 when more than three labels filled in (label list). Notice that last one
 separater is given by last sep. The default value is {,\space}.
- last $sep(=\langle command \rangle)$ Specified $\langle command \rangle$ is output as a last separater when plura labels filled in $\langle label list \rangle$. Behind the = can be ommitted, and in that case last sep is set to identical value of sep (and this is the default).
- prefix=(command) Specified (command) put out first when referece command used. The default value is {}.
- suffix=(command) Specified (command) put out last when referece command used. The default value is {}.

Parameters which do not set explicitly will not be changed.